SUFFOLK UNIVERSITY LAW SCHOOL
GRADUATE DEGREE PROGRAM

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION AS A CANDIDATE FOR THE DEGREE OF
MASTER OF LAWS

To be eligible for admission to the Graduate Degree Program of Suffolk University Law School, an applicant must be of good moral character and be a qualified graduate of a law school approved by the American Bar Association. This requirement is minimal and does not alone establish the qualification and aptitude of the applicant.

APPLICATION FOR ADMISSION

Application for admission to the Program should be made on a form which may be obtained from the office of the Registrar, Suffolk University Law School, 41 Temple Street, Boston, Massachusetts, 02114. The application should be accompanied by a complete transcript of the applicant's collegiate, graduate and professional study.

In addition, each applicant is required to have a personal interview with the Chairman of the Faculty Committee on Graduate Studies to determine his qualification and aptitude for the Program. Upon filing the application, it is the responsibility of each applicant to communicate with the Law Faculty secretary to arrange for a personal interview with the Chairman of the Graduate Committee. The applicant will be notified in writing of the decision of the Faculty Committee on Graduate Studies upon his application.

REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF MASTER OF LAWS

The degree of Master of Laws will be conferred upon those candidates who have —

1) Satisfactorily completed, ordinarily in not more than three years from the date of commencement of graduate study, not less than twenty semester hours of class study in subjects approved by the Faculty Committee on Graduate Studies, —

2) Presented a legal thesis written under the direction and supervision of and satisfactory to the Faculty Committee on Graduate Studies, and —

3) Been recommended for the degree of Master of Laws by the Law School Faculty.

The course in Jurisprudence is required of all candidates. Degree candidates must take a minimum of two courses per semester.

Failure to attain a passing grade of 75% in any course taken for Degree credit will, in the discretion of the Committee, be cause for dismissal from the program.

THESIS

The thesis required of candidates for the degree of Master of Laws shall be upon a subject approved by the Faculty Committee on Graduate Studies as one worthy of a graduate degree in law. The thesis must be the product of the candidate's own original research and writing, and must be of publishable Law Review quality.

Work upon the thesis shall be done in accordance with a schedule to be approved by the Faculty Committee on Graduate Studies. A candidate entering upon fulfillment of the thesis requirement is under the obligation of securing approval of the subject matter and program schedule for the production of the thesis so as to allow ample time for completion of the requirements. Such approval must in any event be secured at least six months before the expected date of the conferring of the degree. Three typewritten copies of the thesis in final draft must be submitted to the Committee on Graduate Studies not less than two months before said date. A thesis fee of $100.00 must be paid by each degree candidate upon the submission of the final draft of the thesis.

The Board of Trustees and the Faculty reserve the right to make changes in the foregoing requirements.
The Suffolk University Bulletin is published six times a year as follows:

- No. 1 February: College Summer Session
- No. 2 July: College Catalogue Issue
- No. 3 August 15: College Evening Bulletin (fall/spring)
- No. 4 August 20: College Entrance Information
- No. 5 September: Law School Catalogue Issue
- No. 6 November: College Evening Bulletin (spring)
Academic Calendar 1973-1974

FIRST SEMESTER

1973

Classes Begin:
- Day Division
- Evening Division
- Columbus Day, Holiday
- Veterans Day, Holiday
- Thanksgiving Recess Begins
- Classes Resume
- First Semester Classes End
- Christmas Recess Begins
- 1974

First Semester Examinations Begin
- 1974

First Semester Examinations End

SECOND SEMESTER

1974

Classes Begin
- Washington's Birthday, Holiday
- Spring Recess Begins
- Classes Resume
- Evacuation Day, Holiday
- Patriots Day, Holiday
- Second Semester Classes End:
  - Third Year Day and
  - Fourth Year Evening
  - First and Second Year Day,
  - First, Second and Third
  - Year Evening
- Second Semester Examinations Begin:
  - Third Year Day, and
  - Fourth Year Evening
  - First and Second Year Day,
  - First, Second and Third
  - Year Evening
- Second Semester Examinations End
- Commencement

Wednesday, September 12
- Wednesday, September 12
- Monday, October 8
- 12:00 P.M. Wednesday, November 21
- Monday, November 26
- Friday, December 21
- Thursday, January 3
- Wednesday, January 16
- Monday, January 21
- Monday, February 18
- Monday, March 4
- Monday, March 11
- Monday, March 18
- Monday, April 15
- Friday, May 10
- Friday, May 17
- Monday, May 13
- Monday, May 20
- Friday, May 31
- Sunday, June 9
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General Information

Boston
Modern technology and the pressing demands of surging urbanism merge with the historically and culturally rich framework of Boston; the result is a unique blend of traditional beauty with the energy of modern urban life. The exciting contrast that arises from this interaction has made Boston a cultural as well as an educational haven for young America.

Boston offers a wide-range of recreational opportunities. From a quiet walk in one of the city's hundreds of parks to the clamor of a rock concert; from a peaceful day's sailing on the Charles River to the excitement of a professional football game; from an enjoyable afternoon's tour of one of the city's fine museums to an energetic afternoon at the beach, Boston remains a city of contrasts.

The city boasts fine restaurants, theaters, and musical entertainment. For the sports buff there are major league baseball, football, basketball, and hockey teams located nearby. Numerous winter sports and beach resort areas are easily accessible to the Bostonian.

Yet, the true desirability of the city is its unparalleled atmosphere of intellectual stimulation. Each fall, over 100,000 students return to the Metropolitan area's colleges and universities. The student will find innumerable programs and activities whereby the intellectual community may actively contribute to the needs of the urban community.

The law student, especially, will find available a great range of opportunities to apply his skill and knowledge to the critical social and economic problems that plague all American cities. From public defender programs to consumer protection bureaus, the city abounds with programs designed particularly for law students to contribute where the needs are greatest.

Suffolk University
The first unit of the University, established in 1906, was the Law School. In 1914 the school was chartered with degree-granting powers by the Legislature of Massachusetts. The College of Liberal Arts was founded in 1934, the Graduate School of Law in 1935, the College of Journalism in 1936, and the College of Business Administration in 1937. The various departments were incorporated by the Massachusetts Legislature in 1937. Physical growth of the University has been accompanied by professional recognition.

On the level of national accreditation, Suffolk University is a member of the New England Association of Colleges and Secondary Schools. The Law School is fully approved by the American Bar Association. The University is also a member of the Association of American Colleges and the Association of University Evening Colleges. All schools and departments of the University are approved by the Board of Collegiate Authority of the Massachusetts Department of Education. The day and evening curricula of the Law School are also registered with the Department of Education of the State of New York. The Veterans Administration approves all courses for GI benefits.

Located on Beacon Hill, directly behind the State House, Suffolk University provides excellent accommodations for educational work. The University complex houses the Administrative Offices, University Library, Auditorium, classrooms, laboratories for biology, chemistry, geology and physics, the University Bookstore, and cafeteria.

Although the physical plant and equipment of a university is important, the quality of its educational program is even more significant. The true measure of a University is reflected in the record of its graduates. Early in its history, Suffolk University gained recognition for the quality of its Faculty and the success of its graduates.

Suffolk University Law School
Suffolk Law School was established in 1906 to provide professional training for ambitious young men and women of moderate means. This unique philosophy has remained with the Law School throughout its development.

Structured as an integral facet of the Suffolk University complex on Beacon Hill, the law school is ideally located for the aspiring law student. Within a moment's walk from the Massachusetts State house, the John F. Kennedy Federal Complex, Boston City Hall, and the Suffolk County Court House, the Suffolk Law student has easy access to the vast facilities provided by these governmental centers. In addition the United States Court of Appeals for the First Circuit, the United States District Court for the District of Massachusetts, and the renowned Boston Public Library are all situated within a short distance from the University. Clearly, in today's ever-changing urban society, the inner-city environment of Suffolk University Law school will be a tremendous asset in a well rounded legal education.

We at the Law School are especially proud of the law faculty. A melting pot of youthful energy and talented experience, the law School boasts a unique and highly qualified staff. All of our faculty members are deeply concerned with the development and welfare of their students and are eager to devote personal attention whenever possible. In furtherance of this emphasis on personal attention, the Trustees have committed themselves to more than double the number of full-time faculty members by 1975.

Finally, an integral part of Suffolk University is Suffolk's evening law division. The evening division was created to serve those students whose economic or personal
circumstances preclude day school attendance, and provides them with a J.D. degree upon the successful completion of four years of intensive instruction.

Law Library
The Law Library, containing approximately seventy thousand volumes, is located on the fourth floor of the Donahue Building. By yearly appropriations and gifts from Alumni and others, it is constantly increasing its collection. It is open from 8:00 A.M. to 11:00 P.M. Monday through Friday, from 9:00 A.M. to 11:00 P.M. on Saturday, and from 12 Noon to 11:00 P.M. on Sunday.

The Library includes the reported decisions of all the states in the National Reporter System, all of the official reports of many of the states, reports of all decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States and other Federal Courts, reports of selected Federal Administrative Agencies, the American Digest, Corpus Juris and Corpus Juris Secundum, American Jurisprudence and American Jurisprudence 2d, and the American Law Reports. Also contained are a full set of English reports and a large collection of legal periodicals, textbooks and casebooks.

The library has recently added a microfiche machine and two microfiche readers (with a collection of 2,300 volumes of the National Reporter System on microfiche).

The library has a fine collection of statutory materials including the United States Statutes at Large, the United States Code Annotated, all the compilations of the Massachusetts Statutes, statutes of most of the States, and Halsbury’s Statutes of England and other common law jurisdictions.

The Massachusetts State House Library, a collection of 600,000 volumes, containing many state papers, legislative materials, and other legal research aids, is housed in the State House, located directly opposite the university complex, and easily accessible to law students. Also available for student use is the Public Library of the city of Boston. This library is one of the largest in the world, containing about 2,000,000 volumes.

Dean Frederick McDermott—Visiting Professorship
During the 1972-1973 academic year the Trustees of the University endowed a faculty chair in the memory of the late Dean of the Law School, Frederick A. McDermott. Periodically a distinguished legal educator will be invited to the Law School for a one year appointment.
Prelegal Study
Applicants must possess a baccalaureate degree from an accredited college or university prior to the time of registration. The Faculty does not specify particular subjects for prelegal education. Our students come from many universities, of varied curricula. The great disparity found in the quality of teaching method and content of college courses makes it impractical to designate particular subjects as the "best" preparation for the study of law. However, it may be said that concentration in one or more of the liberal arts, sciences and/or humanities, such as history, government, philosophy, literature, mathematics, economics and the like, is desirable. Undergraduate courses in elementary accounting are recommended, as they furnish a background helpful in many Law School courses. The importance of proficiency in English, both written and spoken, cannot be overemphasized.

Prospective applicants will find additional information in the 1973/1974 edition of the PreLaw Handbook published by the Law School Admissions Council and the Association of American Law Schools. This publication contains additional information on prelegal study, a practice LSAT, a brief word picture of most American Law Schools and other relevant information to Law School applicants.

A copy of the PreLaw Handbook may be obtained through many college book stores or ordered directly from:

Educational Testing Service
Princeton, NJ 08540

Application Procedure
All applications to the Law School for the class commencing in September of 1974 should be made on the form dated September 1974 which is included in the current Suffolk Admissions Bulletin of Information.

The instructions contained in the Suffolk Admissions Bulletin of Information should be followed completely.

The admissions procedure consists of the following steps which must be followed by all applicants with the noted exceptions:

1. Application Form — this form, which is contained in the Suffolk Admissions Bulletin of Information, is valid for only one year. An applicant desiring to amplify any responses to a question asked on the application should include an additional page or pages.

2. Application Fee — a $15 non-refundable application fee must accompany all applications.

3. Registration with LSDAS — Transcripts: Suffolk University Law School is a member of the Law School Data Assembly Service (LSDAS). This service which has been developed by the Law School Admissions Council and the Educational Testing Service collects transcripts of an applicant's academic work (undergraduate, graduate and professional), summarizes these transcripts into a uniform format and sends an LSDAS report. The LSDAS also reports a candidate's LSAT score for each time the test is taken. All applicants must register with the LSDAS by filing the registration form supplied in the Law School Admissions Bulletin.

Each applicant must notify every college or university he or she has attended and request that a transcript be sent directly to the LSDAS and not to Suffolk University Law School.

LSDAS registration materials may be obtained from:

LSDAS/LSAT
ETS
Box 944
Princeton, NJ 08540

Suffolk Law School
Beacon Hill
Boston, Mass 02114
4. **LSAT** — Every applicant for admission to the Law School is required to take the Law School Admission Test and have an official report of the score forwarded directly to Suffolk University Law School by the Educational Testing Service. During the 1973-74 academic year the LSAT will be administered on the following dates:

- October 20, 1973
- December 15, 1973
- February 9, 1974
- April 20, 1974
- July 27, 1974

It is strongly recommended that an applicant for September of 1974 take the Law School Admission Test no later than December of 1973. The February 1974 test date is the last date for which scores will be considered for September 1974 applicants. The Test is administered at hundreds of colleges in the United States and foreign countries. Applicants should be aware that registration dates for taking the LSAT usually close 4 weeks prior to the test date.

Information about the LSAT is contained in the same bulletin that contains information about the LSDAS. This publication may be obtained by writing directly to:

**LSDAS/LSAT**

ETS

Box 944

Princeton, NJ 08540

5. **Letters of Recommendation** — Two letters of recommendation are required. If the candidate has graduated from college within the past 3 years, one of these letters must be from a former college instructor. Applicants may use the standard recommendation forms provided in the Suffolk Law School Admissions Bulletin for this purpose.

All applications are voted on by the Faculty Admissions Committee. Notification of the action taken will be sent by mail to the applicant at the address given on the application form unless otherwise requested in writing.

Each applicant who has been accepted for admission is required to notify the Law School in writing of his intention to enter the school and pay a deposit of $100. This deposit is non-refundable but will be applied toward the tuition for the first semester. Under no circumstances will the deposit be refunded or applied toward any other semester.

Accepted applicants will be asked to submit an official final transcript directly to the Law School showing the award of a baccalaureate degree and each higher degree earned. In addition, each applicant is required, as a part of the registration procedure, to have a picture taken for inclusion in the student Directory. Pictures are taken at the school after the commencement of the first semester and at no expense to the student. Failure to comply with posted notices giving the student an ample opportunity to satisfy this requirement is deemed the equivalent of a withdrawal.

**Combined Degree Program**

A student in one of the Colleges of Suffolk University, who has earned three-quarters of the credits required for a Bachelor's degree may be eligible to apply for the combined degree program set forth in the Suffolk University College Bulletin. Under this program a student may receive his college degree upon the satisfactory completion of the first year of law school. Inquiries concerning eligibility for this program should be directed to the Director of Admissions of the University.

**Transfer Students**

A student who has maintained a satisfactory academic record in another accredited Law School and who meets the Admission Requirements of Suffolk University Law School may apply for admission as a transfer student. An application by a student with an unsatisfactory record at another Law School will not be considered.

In the discretion of the Faculty Admissions Committee, advanced standing for the degree of Juris Doctor may be granted for courses successfully completed by students in good standing in other Law Schools approved by the American Bar Association.

**Part-Time Study**

Students who cannot devote substantially all of their working time to the study of law may enroll in the Evening Division and complete the work necessary for the Juris Doctor degree in four school years (eight semesters). The basic subjects in the Day and Evening Divisions are the same. Students in both Divisions are afforded the same quality of instruction and are held to the same academic standards.

Currently Suffolk Law School has no provision to accommodate special students, auditors or others who would like to take less than the required number of courses in the Day or Evening Division.

**Admission to a Subsequent Class**

The Law School accepts applicants only to one class. An accepted applicant who cannot commence the study of law with the class for which he was accepted must reapply to the Law School. A re-applicant will receive some additional consideration as a result of his prior acceptance. However, due to the increasingly large numbers of highly qualified candidates, a previously accepted candidate should be aware that he may not meet the current admissions criteria.
Financial Aid

Scholarships
The Trustees of the University have established the following full tuition scholarships:

The Louis D. Brandeis Scholarship in memory of the late Justice Louis D. Brandeis of the United States Supreme Court, to be awarded annually to a graduate of Brandeis University.

The Charles Doe Scholarship in memory of Charles Doe, a graduate of Dartmouth College, Class of 1849, Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court of New Hampshire for thirty-five years and Chief Justice for twenty years, to be awarded annually to a graduate of Dartmouth College.

The Frederick A. McDermott Scholarship in memory of the late Frederick A. McDermott, Dean of Suffolk University Law School, to be awarded annually to a graduate of Boston College.

The Merrimack College Scholarship, to be awarded annually to a graduate of Merrimack College.

Suffolk University Scholarships, four full tuition scholarships, to be awarded annually to graduates of Suffolk University who have maintained high scholastic standing in their college work. Continuation of such scholarships shall be conditioned upon the student's maintaining a satisfactory average.

The David I. Walsh Scholarship in memory of the late Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts, to be awarded annually to a graduate of the College of the Holy Cross.

Each of the above Trustees' Scholarships, covering full tuition charges is available annually to a student of either the day or evening division who is worthy and desirous of studying law at Suffolk University Law School, upon nomination by the President of each of the aforementioned institutions. Each recipient will receive the scholarship, for one year, and if he maintains a satisfactory average, the scholarship will continue until he receives his degree.

The Gleason L. Archer Scholarship to be awarded annually by the Law School Faculty Scholarship Committee in memory of the late Gleason L. Archer, founder and Dean of Suffolk Law School and first President of Suffolk University, whose foresight, business acumen, enthusiasm and energy led to the establishment of Suffolk University.

The Hiram J. Archer Scholarship in memory of Hiram J. Archer, Professor of Law and Trustee of Suffolk University, which is to be awarded annually by the Law School Faculty Scholarship Committee to a student who best typifies the high ideals exemplified by Professor Archer during his lifetime.

The William F. A. Graham Scholarship, established by the Trustees in memory of the late William F.A. Graham,
Esq., of the Class of 1924, long a Trustee of Suffolk University, covers full tuition charges, is to be awarded annually by the Faculty Scholarship Committee to a student who typifies the high ideals exemplified by the life of Mr. Graham.

The William H. Henchey Scholarship in memory of Judge William H. Henchey, a former Professor of Law and Life Trustee of Suffolk University which is to be awarded annually by the Law School Faculty Scholarship Committee to a student who best typifies the high ideals exemplified by Judge William H. Henchey during his lifetime.

The John B. Hynes Scholarship in memory of the late Honorable John B. Hynes, former Mayor of the City of Boston, Trustee and Treasurer of Suffolk University, which is to be awarded annually by the Law School Faculty Scholarship Committee to a student who best typifies the high ideals exemplified by John B. Hynes during his lifetime.

The Eugene A. Hudson Scholarship in memory of the late Honorable Eugene A. Hudson, Associate Justice of the Massachusetts Superior Court and Life Trustee and Vice Chairman of the Board of Trustees of Suffolk University at the time of his death, said scholarship to be awarded annually by the Law School Faculty Scholarship Committee to a student who best typifies the high ideals exemplified by Eugene A. Hudson during his lifetime.

Scholarships for Disadvantaged Students

The Board of Trustees and friends of Suffolk University have established a number of scholarships for qualified disadvantaged students in need. Those eligible may be enrolled in either the Day or the Evening Division. These scholarships may be renewed provided there is evidence of continued financial need.

Alumni Fund Scholarships

The Suffolk University Law School Alumni Fund, created and maintained by contributions of alumni and other friends of the Law School, finances the following scholarships:

Alumni Fund Class Leader Scholarship, Five Scholarships, in the amount of $500 each, are awarded annually to the upperclassmen with the highest academic average for the preceding year in their respective class sections in the Day and Evening Divisions.

Alumni Fund Scholarships, covering all or part of a year’s tuition, which are awarded annually to upper-classmen who have achieved outstanding academic records for the previous year and who have a demonstrated need for scholarship assistance.

Alumni Fund Entrance Scholarships, covering all or part of tuition charges, which are made available to applicants for admission to the Law School whose college scholastic records, in the judgment of the Faculty Scholarship Committee, are outstanding. Continuation of such scholarships shall be conditioned upon the student’s maintaining excellent academic records.

Other Scholarships

The Fairchild Scholarship, established in 1926 by Mrs. Julian D. Fairchild of Brooklyn, N.Y., in memory of her late husband, yields an income of $100 a year, and is awarded annually to a member of the first year class selected by the Faculty Scholarship Committee on the basis of scholarship, character and need.
The Steinberg Scholarship, established by Louis H. Steinberg of the Class of 1925, consists of the income of 60 shares of U.S. Steel Corporation stock and 120 shares of Bethlehem Steel Corporation stock, and is awarded annually to the student in the fourth year class in the evening division who has the highest cumulative average for the three preceding years.

The Lawrence Bar Association Scholarship, award to be made to qualified law students residing in Lawrence, Andover, Methuen or North Andover, Mass.

Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity Scholarship, fifteen national five hundred dollar ($500) scholarships available each year. Students who have completed two years of Day or three years of Evening Law School and who are members of the fraternity may be eligible for a scholarship. Applications and detailed information can be received from the Frankfurter Chapter Justice.

Northern Worcester County Bar Association Scholarship The Scholarship Committee of the Northern Worcester County Bar Association authorized to grant scholarships to law students who live in Northern Worcester County, Massachusetts. The committee is authorized to grant from Association funds to one or more ‘qualified’ law students such amounts as said committee may decide is warranted, provided the total of such grants in any given year shall not exceed $300. In order to ‘qualify’, an applicant for grant must:

A. Be a registered student in an accredited Law School enrolled in a course of instruction for which a L.L.B. degree or equivalent degree is issued.

B. Have his home of residence in one of the following Massachusetts cities or towns: Ashburnham, Athol, Fitchburg, Gardner, Leominster, Lunenburg, Phillipston, Royalston, Templeton, Westminster, Winchendon.

Graduate Scholarship
The Trustees of the University have established a Graduate Scholarship, to be awarded to a graduating student of the Law School whose record, in the judgment of the Trustees, has been outstanding. The Fellowship carries a substantial stipend, to enable the recipient to pursue a year of fulltime graduate study at a leading Law School of his choice. Specific recommendations by the faculty and its approval of a projected course of graduate study are prerequisites for consideration by the Trustees of a candidate for this Fellowship.

CLEO Program
This University is a participant in the program sponsored by the Council on Legal Education Opportunity which assists minority students in their pursuit of a legal education.

Students who participate in this program may be eligible for admission to this University.

Loan Funds
American Bar Association Student Loan Fund. The American Bar Association in conjunction with the First National City Bank of New York administers a student loan program. Regularly enrolled Suffolk law students may apply for loans from this program by obtaining applications from the Law School Financial Aid Office.

The Maine Bar Association has established a Loan Fund, the purpose of which is to assist needy law students who are residents of Maine and who intend to practice in that state. Applicants should communicate directly with the Maine Bar Association, P.O. Box 788, Augusta, Maine 04330.

The Massachusetts Bar Association Student Loan Fund was established in 1962 through a donation of $6,250 by that Association derived from gifts of $4,750 from the Massachusetts Law Society Fund and $1,500 from the Gerald P. Walsh Memorial Fund, which, through a cooperative arrangement with United Student Aid Funds, Inc. and Chemical Bank New York Trust Company, serves as a reserve for the underwriting of long-term loans to full-time students who have given evidence of their ability to complete successfully the study of law.

The Bar Association of Norfolk County Student Loan Fund, in the amount of $1,000, the first to be set up in this region by a Bar Association, was established in 1958 to assist promising students of limited means, with preference to be given to residents of Norfolk County.

The Suffolk University Law School Alumni Fund, in addition to providing scholarships for academic excellence, makes available loan funds to students in good standing who are in need of financial assistance. Applications for loans should be filed with the Law School Financial Aid Office.

GAPSFAS
Students seeking financial aid must file applications with the Graduate and Professional School Financial Aid Service, Box 2614, Princeton, NJ 08540.
Work-Study Program
In the Spring of 1966 a Work-Study Program was initiated at Suffolk University supported with funds granted by the United States Office of Education Act of 1965. This program enabled the University to expand the already existing student assistant program. Work-Study students must have limited financial resources as defined by the Higher Education Act. They may be assigned jobs at the University or at other approved educational, social, or governmental agencies with which Suffolk University has made co-operative arrangements. Work-Study students may work at a job on the average of 15 hours per week while attending classes during the academic year, and up to 40 hours per week while not attending classes, such as in the Summer. The rate of pay is $2.00 per hour on campus.

Awards
The American Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers annually conducts the Nathan Burkan Memorial Competition, in which prizes of $250 and $100 are awarded in each participating Law School for the best papers based on original research in the field of copyright and related law. Winning papers also compete for national awards and publication in the "ASCAP Copyright Law Symposium."

The Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Company sponsors annually an Estate Planning and Drafting Contest for students of Suffolk University Law School, with awards of $250, $150, and $100 for the best legal memoranda on and drafts of a plan for a fictitious estate of a moderately wealthy client. This contest serves as an adjunct to the elective course in Estate Planning, and affords the students participating therein an opportunity for intensive practical experience in that field.

The Bureau of National Affairs, Inc. annually makes available an award of a year's subscription to "United States Law Week" to the graduating student who, in the judgment of the Faculty Administrative Committee, has made the most satisfactory scholastic progress in his final year.

The Lawyers Co-operative Publishing Company makes semi-annual awards of separately bound volumes of the material in American Jurisprudence on the following subjects, to be awarded to the highest ranking students in the courses related thereto:

- Administrative Law
- Agency
- Automobiles and Highway Traffic
- Bailments
- Bankruptcy
- Bills & Notes
- Constitutional Law
- Contracts
- Corporations
- Criminal Law
- Divorce and Separation
- Evidence
- Insurance
- Labor Law
- Mortgages
- Municipal Corporations
- Pleading
- Public Utilities
- Sales
- Taxation
- Trusts
- Wills

The Lawyers Title Insurance Corporation of Richmond, Virginia, has established an annual award of $100 to the graduating student, in either the Day or Evening Division, who has attained the highest weighted average in Real Property subjects.

Seymour Schneider Prize — to the outstanding student or graduate of Suffolk Law School who, in the opinion of the prize committee, has made an outstanding, practical and original contribution in the administration of criminal justice. The award will consist of $100 which will be given to the recipient during the annual Law Day Ceremonies. Students and alumni of Suffolk University Law School are eligible. Nominations should be made in writing by March 15 of each year and sent to:

Professor Alvan Brody
Suffolk University Law School
Beacon Hill
Boston, MA 02114
Method of Legal Study

The study of law requires an ability to analyze and organize complicated fact situations. Suffolk University Law School provides the student with qualified professors—men and women highly skilled in the art of legal analysis. It also provides a library resource. The law professor shows the students how to approach a complicated fact pattern either through the study of adjudicated cases or the use of carefully constructed problems. The student is challenged by the questions and comments of the professor and his fellow students as he works with the cases or problems. From time to time the professor may clarify or lecture on some points of fact or law, but the ultimate responsibility for developing the skills of legal analysis rests on the student. It is the student's role to carefully prepare the course assignments, to fill out his knowledge by use of the library, and to attend class prepared to actively work with the assigned materials. In class the student's mind must analyze the presentation of his classmates, compare the work of others to his own, and be prepared to respond to the thoughts and questions of the professor. The role of the law student is an active one, and the value of his legal education will depend in a large measure on the enthusiasm, dedication, and responsibility with which he approaches his work at Suffolk University Law School.

Day Division Requirements

The Day Division course of study consists of three academic years of full-time study. Under the Regulations of the School, Standards of the American Bar Association, and the Rules of the Board of Bar Examiners of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, only those students who can devote substantially all of their working time to the study of law are eligible to enroll in the full-time Day Division and to complete their law course in three school years.

Semester Hour Requirements — The academic year consists of two semesters, the First or Fall Semester, commencing in September, and the Second or Spring Semester, commencing in late January. The Day Division three year course requires six, fifteen hour semesters of class work; a total of ninety semester hours is required to receive the Juris Doctor Degree.

Class Hours — All classes consist of 50 minute periods. Classes in the Day Division begin at 9 A.M. and end no later than 5 P.M., Monday through Friday. Class schedules are announced shortly before the commencement of each semester.

Evening Division Requirements

Students who cannot devote substantially all of their working time to the study of law may enroll in the Evening Division and complete the work for the Juris Doctor Degree in four school years (eight semesters).

The basic subjects in the Day and Evening Divisions are identical. Students in both Divisions are afforded the same quality of instruction and are held to the same academic standards.

Semester Hour Requirements — The academic year consists of two semesters, the First or Fall Semester, commencing in September, and the Second or Spring Semester, commencing in late January. The Evening Division four year course requires eight, ten hour semesters of class work. A total of eighty semester hours is required to receive the Juris Doctor Degree.

Class Hours — Classes in the Evening Division are usually conducted between 6 P.M. and 9 P.M. weeknights. Class schedules are announced before the commencement of each semester.

1. Regulation No. 1.
3. Rules of the Board of Bar Examiners of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, No. 1b.
# Curriculum

## Day Division

### First Year

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
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<th>Hours</th>
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<td>Legal Practice Skills</td>
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<td>Electives</td>
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## Curriculum
### Evening Division

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#### Third Year

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#### Fourth Year

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Credits needed: 76, 77, or 78

* Students graduating in 1975 or 1976 need 76 credits. Students graduating in 1977 or 1978 need 77 credits. Students graduating in 1979 or later need 78 credits.

*(14)*
Required Course Descriptions

BUSINESS ASSOCIATIONS
Introduction to partnership and corporations; law of Agency; organization of the corporation; promotion and preincorporation problems; de facto corporation; ultra vires, control of the corporation; corporate capital and financing; classes of stock; dividends, derivative suits; mergers, reorganizations and liquidation; Federal laws, Blue Sky laws, professional responsibility of the lawyer advising the business client. Professors Pizzano, Vacco, Cella. 6 Hours/Day - 4 Hours/Evening.

CIVIL PROCEDURE
Civil procedure, principally on the trial level; forms of action; single form of action; distinction between law and equity; merger of law equity; modern civil action of today under modified common law and equity, under the codes, and under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure including jurisdiction of courts, venue, process, pleading, pretrial practice. Professors Pizzano and Pizano. 4 Hours/Day & Evening.

COMMERCIAL LAW
A detailed study of Commercial Law under the Uniform Commercial Code. Special emphasis is placed on Sales and Commercial Paper, with discussion devoted to Bulk Sales, Documents of Title, Letters of Credit, Secured Transactions, and Investment Securities. Professors Callahan and Maleson. 6 Hours/Day & Evening.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW
Survey of the history and developments of constitutional law in the United States, including the federal system, the commerce clause, inter-governmental relations, due process, equal protection, police power, taxation. Analysis of selected decisions of the United States Supreme Court. Professors Cronin and Brody. 5 Hours/Day & Evening.

CONTRACTS
Contracts defined and classified; capacity of parties; nature and legal effect of offer and acceptance; consideration; fraud, mistake and undue influence; statute of frauds; types of illegal contracts; effect of illegality; interpretation of language; operation of law; effect of express and implied conditions; performance of conditions; waiver of conditions; rescission of contracts; performance; excuses for nonperformance, including novation, alteration and impossibility of performance, breach of contract and remedies therefor; damages, nominal and compensatory; quasi-contracts, introduction to the Uniform Commercial Code; professional responsibility of the lawyer in contract law. Professors Judge, O'Brien, Lloyd. 5 Hours/Day & Evening.

CRIMINAL LAW
General principles; sources and purposes of criminal law; role of legislature, theories of punishment; general elements of crimes; responsibility for crimes and limitations on capacity; specific crimes such as larcenies, homicides, assault and battery and burglaries, both at common law and by statutes. Some emphasis on the trial context. Professional responsibility of the criminal lawyer. Professors Elias, Garabedian, Nolan, and Mr. Dwyer. 3 Hours/Day & Evening.

EQUITY
History, jurisdiction and powers of equity courts; the adequacy of the remedy at law; injunctive relief against injuries to land, business, personality, and to social, domestic and political relations, specific performance of affirmative and negative contracts; defenses of laches, unclean hands, misrepresentation, mistake and hardship; reformation and rescission; equitable servitudes, equitable conversion. Professors Judge, McEttinick, Kindregan. 3 Hours/Day - 4 hours/Evening.

EVIDENCE
Establishment of facts other than by evidence; law and fact, functions of the judge and the jury; testimonial, circumstantial and real evidence, relevancy, competency and privilege; examination and cross-examination of witnesses; best evidence rule; parole evidence rule; hearsay rule and exceptions; burden of proof and persuasion. Professors Fenton and Elias. 4 Hours/Day and Evening.

LEGAL PRACTICE SKILLS PROGRAM
The Legal Practice Skills Program is a two-semester, three credit program for first year students including (a) an orientation to law school, the sources of law, and the study of law; (b) instruction in the use of the law library and legal research tools; (c) practice in issue analysis and the writing of legal memoranda; (d) preparation of an appellate brief and oral argument; (e) practice in the drafting of statutes, contracts, trial motions, etc.; (f) presentation of law school exam study and answering techniques; (g) instruction in professional responsibility and ethics.

The program is designed to prepare the student for writing and research work expected of the modern practitioner. The Program is staffed by members of the legal profession and students of the Moot Court Board. 3 Hours/Day and Evening.

PROPERTY
A study of the acquisition, ownership, and transfer of property, including co-ownership, interests in land, conveyancing, and governmental regulation. Professors Nolan, Baker, Kovel, Lemelman. 5 Hours/Day & Evening.

TORTS
The nature of a tort; assault and battery; false imprisonment; slander and libel; alienation and seduction; torts against property and property rights; deceit; interference with contracts; trespass to property; conversion; nuisance; waste; malicious prosecution; abuse of process; the law of negligence-degrees of negligence; products liability, wrongful death; defenses; function of court and jury; res ipsa loquitur; violation of statute, comparative and contributory negligence; imputed negligence; no-fault insurance; negotiation of tort cases; professional responsibility of the tort lawyer. Dean Sargent, Professors Brody, Lamb, Kindregan. 5 Hours/Day & Evening.

TRUSTS AND ESTATES
Testate and intestate distribution of property; formal administration of trusts and estates; creation of trusts; distinctions between implied and express trusts, between private and charitable trusts; spendthrift trusts; future interests rules affecting trusts; professional responsibility of the lawyer and the fiduciary. Dean Sargent, Professors Nolan, Epps. 5 Hours/Day & Evening.
## Elective Courses

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Course Name</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
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<tr>
<td>Administrative Law</td>
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<tr>
<td>Admiralty</td>
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<tr>
<td>Business Planning Law</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Conflicts of Law</td>
<td>3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Constitutional Law Problems</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Constitutional Law Seminar</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Consumer Protection</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corporate Taxation</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Creditors’ Rights I</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>(Secured Transactions)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Criminal Practice</td>
<td>2</td>
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<td>Damages</td>
<td>2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Environmental Law</td>
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<td>Environmental Law Enforcement</td>
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<td>Estate Inheritance and Gift Taxation</td>
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<td>Estate Planning Seminar</td>
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<td>Family Law</td>
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<td>Family Law Seminar</td>
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<td>Federal Courts</td>
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<td>Federal Criminal Practice</td>
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<td>Federal Income Taxation</td>
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<td>Future Interests</td>
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<td>Government Regulation of Business</td>
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<td>Health Law</td>
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<td>International Law of the Air and Sea</td>
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<td>Jurisprudence</td>
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<td>Labor Law</td>
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<td>Land Use Control</td>
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<td>Landlord and Tenant</td>
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<td>Law and Poverty</td>
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<td>Law Medicine and Biological Science</td>
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<td>Malpractice and Hospital Law</td>
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<td>Mortgages</td>
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<td>Municipal Collective Bargaining</td>
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<td>Trade Regulation</td>
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### Clinical Program Credits

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<td>Prosecutors Program</td>
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<td>Environmental Law Intern Program</td>
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<td>Environmental Law Enforcement Program</td>
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Elective Course Descriptions

ADMINISTRATIVE LAW
A study of the organization, function and procedures of state and federal administrative agencies, including the investigatory, rule-making, adjudicatory and enforcement functions of such agencies, and judicial review of administrative action. Three Hours.

ADMIRALTY
Federal jurisdiction and maritime law, with reference to contracts, torts, rights of seamen, salvage, collision, and maritime liens. Choice of law problems will be considered. Two Hours.

BUSINESS PLANNING LAW
General survey of the basic problems in the organization, financing, combination and liquidation of a business venture in terms of applicable corporate, tax, and securities law. These problems will include such topics as the formation of closely-held and publicly-owned corporations; stock redemption; the sale of a business; merger and other types of combination transactions; and recapitalization, division, and dissolution of corporations. Three Hours.

CONNECTICUT PRACTICE
A survey of civil, administrative, and criminal procedure in Connecticut. Some substantive law is discussed, however the course emphasis is on procedure. Two Hours.

CONFLICT OF LAWS
General principles; domicile; jurisdiction; judgments; full faith and credit; res judicata; federal courts; foreign courts; corporations; contracts and conveyances; tort obligations and workmen's compensation; procedure, probate of estates; taxation; marriage and divorce; custody; legitimacy and adoption. Three Hours.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW PROBLEMS
An analysis of problems in the area of freedom of expression including subversive advocacy, expression in public places, symbolic expression, defamation, obscenity and government demands for information. Two Hours.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW SEMINAR
This seminar will undertake an in-depth study of one or more related areas of Constitutional Law of current interest. The emphasis will be on emerging doctrines in the areas chosen for study. Depending in part upon student interest, the topic will be a different one each year, in areas such as equal protection of the laws, separation of powers, and the war power. It is envisaged that papers of publishable quality will emerge from the seminar. Two Hours.

CONSTITUTIONAL LAW AND THE CRIMINAL PRACTICE
This course involves analysis and discussion of decisions in the area of intersection between the Constitution and the criminal process with special emphasis on arrest; search and seizure; entrapment; pre-trial
identification; bail; prosecutorial discretion; grand jury; professional responsibility; discovery; habeas corpus; juvenile justice; administration of justice in the wake of civil disorders. Two Hours.

CONSUMER PROTECTION
Remedies of the Consumer at the Local, State and Federal level; Truth in Lending; Uniform Consumer Code; Federal Trade Commission; Unfair Trade Practices; Selected Materials. Two Hours.

CORPORATE TAXATION
Federal taxes on corporate income; tax impact on corporations and shareholders caused by transfers of property, distributions, liquidations, divisions, and reorganizations; comparison of tax consequences of choice of form of business. Two Hours.

CREDITORS RIGHTS I (Secured Transactions)
Basic introduction to secured transactions with particular emphasis on Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code; secured and unsecured creditors; case law prior to Code and the latter's effect thereon; type of goods and nature of security interests with legal rights dependent thereon; rights and duties of both secured creditor and debtor before and after default; equitable and legal security interests; effect of Code on lien creditors including Bankruptcy trustee and assignee for benefit of creditors; consideration of problems affecting Articles 2, 3 and 9 of the Code; real property mortgages, equitable and legal; types of real property mortgages with effect on certain creditors; foreclosure proceedings and other related problems. Two Hours.

CREDITORS RIGHTS II (Bankruptcy)
Assignments for the benefit of creditors; receiverships; special emphasis on Article 9 of the Uniform Commercial Code; the Federal Bankruptcy Act as amended to date; rights of bankrupts and creditors; the bankruptcy estate and its distribution; reorganization of corporations under the Act; bankruptcy procedure; effect of the Uniform Commercial Code upon the Bankruptcy Act. Two Hours.

CRIMINAL PRACTICE AND PROCEDURE
An introductory study of the administration of criminal justice: hierarchy of courts; jurisdiction over persons and crimes; judicial control of police activity; detention of suspected persons; arrest; bail; formal accusation; pre-trial pleadings; prosecution and defense of criminal charges; sentencing process; appeals. Some attention will be given to juvenile proceedings. Two Hours.

DAMAGES
Conflict of laws; methods of judicial administration, including pleading and review of the amount of damages; nominal damages; certainty; avoidable consequences; value; interest; counsel fees and other expenses of litigation; damages in tort actions; personal injuries, wrongful death; false arrest; malicious prosecution; defamation; deceit; conversion, trespass and nuisance; damages in contract actions; contemplation of the parties, employment contracts, construction contracts, land sale contracts; liquidated damages. Two Hours.
ENIRONMENTAL LAW
A study of judicial and legislative responses to water pollution, air pollution (including noise) and land use; the requirements of environmental litigation; the role of agency decision-making and judicial review under the National Environmental Policy Act. The course will involve some examination of legal intervention in alleged causes of environmental degradation such as population growth, economic development and technological advancement. Some written work will be required in addition to the examination. Three Hours.

ENVIRONMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT
A combination academic — clinical course, stress is placed on the enforcement of environmental laws through civil and criminal procedures. In addition to class hours students will work in the Department of Natural Resources of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. Students selected to be sworn in as Deputy Natural Resource Officers will prosecute cases in the district courts under faculty supervision. Two Hours.

ESTATE INHERITANCE, AND GIFT TAXATION
Tax consequences of testamentary and inter vivos gifts, outright and in trust; preparation of estate, inheritance and gift tax returns; tax problems of the executor, administrator and trustee. Two Hours.

ESTATE PLANNING SEMINAR
An examination of the manifold problems confronting the draftsman in providing for the intelligent and effective disposition of property and the diverse considerations, both legal and extra-legal, that bear on the resolution of those problems. Particular emphasis is given to the employment of various types of trusts, the administrative problems of fiduciaries and the impact of federal income, gift and estate taxation. Each student is required to actively participate in formulating an estate plan for a hypothetical client and in the drafting of definitive instruments necessary to put such plan into operation. Two Hours.

FAMILY LAW
Marriage and marital relations; engagements to marry; marriage at common law and under statutes; ante-nuptial and post-nuptial settlements; wife; duties regarding children; limitations as to contractual rights between husband and wife; divorce; vacating decrees of divorce; alimony; custody and maintenance of minor children; parent and child, rights, duties, and liabilities of each; effect of domestic and foreign divorces; separation by agreement; venue and domicile; legitimacy, illegitimacy and adoption. Two Hours.

FAMILY LAW SEMINAR
Research project in a specialized area of family law, with a report to the seminar group. It is expected that students will produce a written report of law review quality. Open only to third and fourth year students who have completed the course in Family Law. Two Hours.

FEDERAL COURTS
Law applicable in Federal Courts; jurisdiction; commencement and removal of actions; pleadings; remedies and appeals; rules of civil procedure. Two Hours.

FEDERAL CRIMINAL PRACTICE
Criminal practice in the federal courts. Rules and practice, including pleading, trial, appeals. Two Hours.

FEDERAL INCOME TAXATION
Constitutional problems; sources of federal tax law; tax procedures; determination of taxable income; diversion of income; capital gains and losses; taxation of trust income; tax problems of corporations and other business units. Four Hours.

FUTURE INTERESTS
The types of dispositions that can validly be made to transfer the beneficial enjoyment of property at some future time, with special emphasis on the semantic problems of drafting and construing dispositive documents, the Rule against Perpetuities and related rules. Two Hours.

GOVERNMENT REGULATION OF BUSINESS
General survey of Federal anti-trust laws including the Sherman Anti-trust Act, the Clayton Act including related areas of Robinson-Patman Amendment and the Federal Trade Commission Act. Areas of coverage include monopolies attempts to monopolize, mergers, conspiracies, price fixing, base point pricing, exclusive dealing, tying in contracts, patent extension, resale price maintenance, Fair Trade Acts, trade associations, price discrimination, mergers, unfair competition, and the common law background to antitrust laws. Three Hours.

HEALTH LAW
Legal aspects of systems employed in the United States for the delivery of health care services: including licensing of physicians, nurses and other health professionals; hospital licensing, control and staffing; public and private means of financing health services; aspects of patient care including medical malpractice and constitutional rights.

INSURANCE
Regulation of insurance business; insurable interest; the insurance contract; the interests protected by contracts of insurance; construction of policies; rights under policies; rights by subrogation. Two Hours.

INTERNATIONAL LAW
A survey of public international law, its nature and application; jurisdiction; international agreements and claims; organizations and relations among states; tribunals. Emphasis is placed on legal problems involved in doing business abroad and conducting foreign trade. Two Hours.

INTERNATIONAL LAW OF THE AIR AND SEA

JURISPRUDENCE
Examination of the major schools of legal philosophy and consideration of some major current legal problems from a jurisprudential point of view. The nature of law; relationship of law, morality, ethics. Professional ethics of the lawyer and their sociological role. Social uses of law. Two Hours.

LABOR LAW
Basic labor law; history of labor relations; the National Labor Relations Act, as amended; practice, procedure and substantive law before the National Labor Relations Board and the Federal Courts; survey of unfair labor practices and representation case law including pre-election cam-
This seminar course will look at law and administrative policy in the context of historical developments and sociological perspectives.

LANDLORD AND TENANT
Relation between landlord and tenant; use and occupation; implied and express tenancies; agreements for lease; tenancies for years, at will, and at sufferance; termination of tenancies; summary process; rights and liabilities of landlord and tenant; rights of third persons against landlord, against tenant. Recent developments in tenant's rights law. State and federal influences on landlord-tenant relationships. Two Hours.

LAND USE CONTROL
A survey of the mechanisms available for the control of land use including nuisance, subdivision control, zoning, eminent domain, development restrictions, and governmental planning. Some emphasis will be given to ways to preserve open space together with an analysis of several of the less obvious determinants of land use such as taxation, transportation and utility systems, and the nature of the land market. Some written work will be required in addition to the examination. Three Hours.

LAW AND POVERTY
This seminar course will look at law and administrative policy in the context of historical developments and sociological perspectives.

Statute Law and Judicial Interpretation will be reviewed and current reform proposals will be analyzed. Currently this course is limited to third-year-day division students only. Two Hours.

LAW AND PSYCHIATRY
Civil and criminal commitment. Competency to stand trial. Eugenic sterilization. Legal-psychiatric aspects of narcotics, homosexuality, the disorganized family. Mental health law. Two Hours.

LAW MEDICINE AND THE BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES
Medical and scientific interests in human life, as structured by legal institutions. Among the subjects studied are abortion, artificial insemination, conception control, medical malpractice, euthanasia, biological experimentation, and state power over human fertility. Two Hours.

LEGAL PROCESS
An investigation of the functioning of the American legal system as a dynamic and pervasive organism in the context of concrete problems selected for study and evaluation its evolved institutions, traditional modes of operation and potential for betterment. The course is both panoramic and pragmatic in approach, necessarily jurisprudential, and is intended to afford the student insight and perspective that he may better understand the law as a whole, the forces that challenge it, and thus enhance his capacity to deal with the problems of society. Two Hours.

LEGISLATION
This course is designed to acquaint the student with the significance of law making and legislation in our legal system. Its essential perspective is the role of the lawyer in the legislative process, in the resolution of legal problems through legislation, and in the development, interpretation, and application of legislation.

The course will be concerned with a study of the legislative process — the organization, structure, and procedures of legislative bodies, state and federal; legislative apportionment; lobbying; legislative investigations, including the rights of witnesses before legislative committees and related procedural matters. It will also deal with the pervasive role of statutes in our law; statutory construction and interpretation, and the relationship between the legislature and the judiciary, including problems in determining the unconstitutionality of statutes. Two Hours.

MAINE PRACTICE
A survey of the Judicial System of the State of Maine, including jurisdiction, pleading, procedure and appeals. Survey of courts of limited jurisdiction; state and local administrative procedure. Two Hours.

MALPRACTICE AND HOSPITAL LAW
A detailed study of all aspects of medical malpractice litigation; hospital liability problems; function and role of medical staff of a hospital; hospital by-laws as they relate to and control the relationship and performance of the hospital administration and the medical staff. Two Hours.

MILITARY LAW I
Designed to acquaint the student with the Uniform Code of Military Justice and the Military Justice Act of 1968. Jurisdiction, classification and composition of court materials are studied. Field trips are arranged to observe court martials held in greater Boston. The course places emphasis on Procedural aspects of court martials, including preparation of charges and the responsibility of the Staff Judge Advocate, Prosecutor (trial counsel), Defense Counsel and the Convening Authority at the trial and appellate levels. Several specific offenses are examined in depth. Two Hours.

MILITARY LAW II
(Military Law I) suggested but not pre-requisite
The course is designed to acquaint the student with the various types of Discharges and Administrative Separations effected by the Armed Services. The composition of, and rules of procedure applicable to Administrative Boards are studied. The Federal Tort Claims Act and the Medical Care Recovery Act are examined; emphasis is placed on the preparation of such claims for submission so as to insure expeditious settlement. Two Hours.

MORTGAGES
Nature of the real estate mortgage; rights and obligations of the mortgagor and the mortgagee; equity of redemption; assignments; foreclosure. Two Hours.

MUNICIPAL COLLECTIVE BARGAINING
Review of statutes involving collective bargaining; review of related statutory law and decisions relating thereto; preparation of ground rules and simulated bargaining sessions; distinction between management rights retained and those subject to collective bargaining by law; where possible lecturers in related fields to be available for seminar sessions; where possible student to view actual bargaining session; viewpoint of management and bargaining unit as to major and current negotiation issues; clinical approach taken. Two Hours.

MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS
Various forms of local governmental units; the place of such units in the governmental structure-intergovernmental relations; lawmaking by
local bodies; personnel; finance; remedies against local government officials; responsibility in tort and contract; urban planning. Two Hours.

NEW HAMPSHIRE PRACTICE
New Hampshire practice summarizes the civil and criminal procedure, the court structure, the appellate process and the rules of the state. Two Hours.

NEW JERSEY PRACTICE & PROCEDURE
Commentary on the organization and operation of all courts of the State of New Jersey, constitutional provisions relating thereto; analysis of current New Jersey Court Rules; description of interpretation and construction of the constitutional and rule provisions. Inter-relationship of Rules and Statutes that relate to the practice of law, examination of selected cases and reference to relationship between the various Civil Rules — Appellate, Criminal, Civil, Special Proceedings, etc. and the substantive law applicable thereto. Two Hours.

NEW YORK CIVIL PRACTICE
An introductory study of the law and rules governing civil judicial proceedings in the courts of the state of New York under the Civil-Practice Law and Rules, including the structure and jurisdiction of the New York courts; the commencement of an action; the statute of limitations; venue; pleadings; provisional remedies; joinder of parties, and the enforcement of judgments. Two Hours.

PENAL REFORM
A seminar in the law of modern penology, including a history of penal theory, use of punishment in the judicial system, and reform movements. Developments of the systems for insuring prisoners’ rights, the function of the lawyer in the penal system, and recent statutory, case and administrative laws. Two Hours.

PENNSYLVANIA PRACTICE
Subject matter covered: courts, types of actions and limitations of actions, venue, commencement of actions, jurisdiction and service of process, pleadings, parties, added parties, joinder, interpleader and interventions, survival and wrongful death, motions, preparations for trial, matters preliminary to trial, trial, motions following trial, costs, judgments, and enforcement of judgments, appeals equity, partition and waste. Emphasis will be placed upon the practical aspects of the practice of law in Pennsylvania with classroom discussion of the various aspects of the subject matter freely encouraged. Two Hours.

PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITY
The lawyer as counselor, advocate, and civic leader; organization of the bar and its discipline; freedom to serve or not to serve; fiduciary relationship to client; limitations on such duty; professional fee; relations with other lawyers, clients and the public; The Code of Professional Responsibility and Code of Judicial Ethics. Two Hours.

PUBLIC UTILITIES LAW
Activities regarded as public utilities; history of regulation; purposes of regulation; power to regulate — constitutional limitations; state and federal statutes; regulation by commission; specific utilities regulated; competition and control of monopoly; certificates of public convenience

Professor Charles P. Kindregan

Associate Professor Joseph Cronin
and necessity; restraining unauthorized competition; suspension and abandonment of services and facilities; duty to serve and excuses; rate regulation and rate making; discrimination and preferences, liability. Two Hours.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS
Mechanics of conveyancing; real estate sales contracts; title examination; tax titles; foreclosure of mortgages; real estate tax law and planning; bills in equity. Consideration of tax problems. Three Hours.

RESTITUTION
Restitutionary rights enforceable at law or in equity; substantive requirements; conditions and defenses; benefits conferred voluntarily or under legal compulsion; property acquired through wrongful conduct or mistake, or in the performance of an agreement unenforceable as a contract. Two Hours.

RHODE ISLAND PRACTICE
Jurisdiction of Rhode Island Courts, venue, forms, service of process. Procedure, including parties, complaints, motions, answers, discovery, appeals, extraordinary writs. Special treatment of probate practice. Two Hours.

SELECTED PROBLEMS IN INTERNATIONAL LAW
A seminar in which students will engage in law review quality writing projects in various international law problems. Two Hours.

STATE AND LOCAL TAXATION
Sources of state and local revenues by taxation; constitutional restrictions; property taxes; business taxes; exemptions; tax procedures. Emphasis will be placed on taxation in Massachusetts and such other states as the interests of the student may warrant. Two Hours.

TRADE REGULATION
A general survey of current federal and state legislation and case law in the area of government regulation of trade and industry, with emphasis on the anti-trust laws, exemptions therefrom, and the Federal Trade Commission Act. Two Hours.

UNIFORM PROBATE CODE
A detailed study of the Uniform Probate Code. This is a seminar, with stress on a writing project. Two Hours.

UNITED NATIONS LAW AND WORLD ORDER
International and Regional Organization. Treaty negotiations. Methods of settlement of disputes. Two Hours.

WOMEN AND THE LAW
The course will be concerned with family law, constitutional law and population law questions in an examination of the importance of sexual status in the legal system. The impact of federal child care legislation and welfare laws on the indigent mother will be discussed, as well as an exploration of the impact and constitutional necessity for the equal rights amendment. The course will approach sex discrimination issues as a part of the general law of remedies for violations of the principle of equality, and will explore legal tools and advocacy approaches for combating discrimination through the legislative and judicial processes. Two Hours.

WORKMEN'S COMPENSATION
This course deals mainly with workmen's compensation law with special reference to Massachusetts; it will also cover the allied subjects of the rights of injured workers under railroad, admiralty, and tort law. Two Hours.

VERMONT PRACTICE
Survey of the Vermont Constitution; judicial system; civil and criminal procedure, and administrative agencies. Brief survey of Vermont property and environmental law. Two Hours.

ZONING
History of zoning — Practice under zoning regulations, building and housing codes, sub-division laws. Non-conforming uses. Administrative agencies and judicial review. Two Hours.
Clinical Programs

Suffolk Voluntary Defenders
The Voluntary Defenders is the largest of the clinical programs at Suffolk University Law School. It is essentially a two year program operating under Rule 3:11 of the Supreme Judicial Court of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. The rule provides that a senior law student, with the written approval by the Dean of his character, legal ability and training may appear without compensation on behalf of indigent defendants in criminal proceedings in any district court under certain specified supervision of a member of the bar.

Under this rule day and evening students are taken into the program the year before they become seniors. Weekly meetings are held at which time district court procedure is reviewed in great detail. Every possible plea, motion, and disposition is discussed. At the end of the second semester, those students who can be accepted into the program and meet certain qualifications are recommended to the Dean for certification so that when they become seniors they may appear in court without delay.

The senior students, having been trained the previous year as above indicated, are assigned to courts immediately after the opening of the school year. When the case of a criminal defendant is assigned to him, he has full responsibility for interview with the client, investigation, and legal research. Each student must then, before appearing in court, discuss the case in detail with the director of the program.

The program is presently operating on a regular basis in the First District Court of Essex at Salem, the District Court of Southern Essex in Lynn, the District Court of Northern Norfolk at Dedham, and the Municipal Court of the South Boston District.

Prosecutor Program
Under the provisions of Supreme Judicial Court Rule 3:11 senior law students with the written approval by the Dean of his character, legal ability and training may appear without compensation on behalf of the Commonwealth in criminal proceedings in any district court, under the supervision of a member of the bar who is a regular or special Assistant District Attorney or Assistant Attorney General. Under this rule students prosecute cases, on a regular assigned basis, in the District Court of Southern Essex in Lynn, the Boston Juvenile Court and in seven district courts in Middlesex County.

Society and the Law
This program, sometimes referred to as a high school teaching program, is open to all students and is in operation at six high schools in the Metropolitan Boston area. Students, in teams of two, are assigned on a weekly basis to a particular class at one of the high schools. Using only prepared material, they present specific problems to the class to start a discussion on an aspect of the law. The program is not designed to teach law but rather to give the high school students an awareness of their rights and obligations under the law. The student teachers have full authority of the classroom discussion during this period.
Environmental Law Society

The Environmental Law Society is primarily conceived to be an educational experience. The Club, through its activities and meetings, gives members a broad exposure to both technical and theoretical aspects of environmental law.

At the same time, the Club will endeavor to support and initiate such activities as are appropriate to problems of law and environment.

A clinical program carrying academic credit in lieu of an elective under the supervision of the faculty, it is open to active club members. This includes internships in Federal and State agencies, research projects, legislative work and an environmental law enforcement program.

An annual essay contest in environmental law is sponsored by the Society, a $100 prize is awarded by the American Trial Lawyers’ Association.

The Society’s office is located on campus and a bulletin board is kept on the 3rd floor of the Donahue Building.

Environmental Enforcement Program

Under a new student intern program set up between the Massachusetts Department of National Resources and Suffolk University Law School students are eligible to serve as National Resource Officers. Under the direction of Professor Robert Blumberg and the Environmental Law Society, this program carries two hours of academic credit.

The deputy natural resource officers investigate and file complaints on water pollution violations. But what makes the program unique in the state, and perhaps in the nation, is that the law students are empowered to prosecute criminal water pollution cases in the district courts. For their services the student interns receive practical experience and academic credit.
Registration & Tuition

Registration
Registration is accomplished as far as possible by mail prior to the commencement of classes. Registration forms will be mailed to applicants who have been admitted to regular courses.

A student who requires a special program of courses other than one prescribed by the Faculty Administrative Committee should make an appointment for a personal interview with the Registrar well in advance of the opening of the semester.

Commencement of Courses
The regular three year course in the day division and the regular four year course in the evening division commence only in September.

Internal Transfers
Students who have completed the first year of study in either the Day or Evening Division may transfer into the other division before September first of each year.

Tuition
Tuition for the Day Division three year course is $1500 per year, or $750.00 per semester.

Tuition for the Evening Division four year course is $1125, or $562.50 per semester.

The charge for students taking other than a regular program is $60 per semester hour.

All tuition charges are subject to change by action of the Board of Trustees. Any such change may be made applicable to students already enrolled in the School.

The tuition for each semester is due at the time of registration. However, under the Deferred Payment Plan one half of a semester's tuition may be paid upon registration and second half of that semester's tuition approximately in 60 days. (The Actual Date will be published with Registration information.) There is a $5.00 service charge under the Deferred Payment Plan. In the event that the second installment is not paid on time, a $10 Late Payment Fee is charged.
Withdrawals and Refunds

A student may withdraw from the Law School by filing a withdrawal form at the Law Registrar's Office.

Partial refunding of tuition paid will be made proportionately in accordance with the following schedule based on payment of a full semester's tuition:

Withdrawal notice filed within: Tuition refunded
One week of opening of semester .......................80%
Two weeks of opening of semester .....................60%
Three weeks of opening of semester...................40%
Four weeks of opening of semester.....................20%

The Student Bar Association Fee will be refunded in full in the case of any withdrawal within four weeks from the commencement of the semester for which it was paid.

Fees

Application Fee — Each application for admission to the Law School must be accompanied by an Application Fee of $15. This Fee is not a part of the tuition, and will not be refunded.

Student Bar Association Fee — Student Bar Association dues, in the amount of $10 per year, are required of all students registered as candidates for the degree of Juris Doctor. Such dues are payable with tuition to the Accounting Office in the form of a Student Bar Association fee as follows:

In the case of all candidates registered for the First or Fall Semester, — $10. (If a candidate completes his studies for that Semester, he will be entitled to a refund of $5.)

Late Registration Fee — A late registration Fee in the amount of $10 will be assessed for any registration processsed after the announced filing date, including late admissions.

Graduation Fee — JUNE and SEPTEMBER GRADUATES. The graduation fee, including diploma, is $25. It is due and payable one month prior to graduation. This fee is payable whether or not students attend the graduation ceremony. JANUARY GRADUATES. As there is no formal graduation ceremony in January, the graduation fee is $8 (cost of diploma). January graduates are also invited to attend the June graduation ceremony and, if attending, must pay the full graduation fee of $25.

All Fees are subject to change by action of the Board of Trustees. Any such change may be made applicable to students already enrolled in the School.

Grading System

Courses examinations are numerically graded on the scale of 100%, and a student's class standing is determined on the basis of his weighted average, which is cumulated after the first year. Reports of grades are made by percentages which are equivalent to the following letters:

- 90% and above A
- 87%-89% B+
- 83%-86% B
- 80%-82% B-
- 75%-79% (Satisfactory) C
- 70%-74% (Unsatisfactory) D
- Below 70% (Failure) F

A student is required to maintain good academic standing. For a statement of conditions under which a student is not in good standing, and the consequences thereof, see Regulations, No. 5.

Dean's List

Students whose weighted average is 83% or above for any academic year are eligible for the Dean's List.

Honors

Students who have complied with all requirements for the degree of Juris Doctor, and whose scholastic achievement, in the judgment of the Faculty Administrative Committee, has been outstanding, will be recommended for the degree with honors.

Requirements for the Degree of Juris Doctor

A candidate for the degree of Juris Doctor must be in good academic standing and comply with the following requirements:

(a) The candidate must have completed at least three years of full-time study in law school, or have completed at least four years of part-time study in law school. The last year of study must be completed at Suffolk University Law School.

(b) The candidate's complete law school record must (1) show a cumulative weighted average of at least 75% and (2) show unsatisfactory grades outstanding in no more than three courses, of which not more than two are failures.

Degrees are awarded by the Trustees of Suffolk University on the recommendation of the Faculty Administrative Committee. Recommendation may be withheld by the Committee for good cause other than failure to meet the foregoing requirements.
1. Only students who can devote substantially all of their working time to the study of law are eligible for admission to the three year full-time day division program.

2. Special programs of study not prescribed by the faculty must be approved in advance of registration by the faculty Administrative Committee. The student must take the courses and examinations for the section in which he or she is registered. Students taking reexaminations must write the examination prepared by the same professor who gave the original examination unless exempted from this requirement by the written authorization of the Dean, or Faculty Administrative Committee.

3. Students are expected to perform all class assignments and to attend class meetings in all courses for which they are registered. Failure to meet these requirements may result in exclusion from the course, probation, suspension or dismissal.

4. No student may omit an examination scheduled for his or her program of study or take an examination not so scheduled. If for some compelling reason beyond his or her control the student must omit a scheduled examination, a written statement setting forth the reasons therefor must be promptly submitted to the Dean. If the compelling reason exists in advance of the examination, the written statement must be submitted prior to the examination. The Dean or the Faculty Administrative Committee will approve or disapprove the omission. An unapproved omission of a scheduled examination will be recorded as "F" with a grade of 60%. No record will be made or credit given for an unapproved taking of any examination. An approved omission of a required examination will be recorded temporarily as "Incomplete;" a permanent grade of 60% will be recorded if the student fails to take the next regularly scheduled examination in the course.

5. a) A student is academically deficient and not in good academic standing when for any academic year he or she: (i) has a weighted average of less than 75%, or (ii) if a part time student has unsatisfactory grades in more than two courses or more than six hours. The Faculty Administrative Committee will impose an appropriate sanction on the academically deficient student.

b) A student will be notified of his academic deficiency before definitive action by way of dismissal or probation is taken. A student so notified may file with the Dean a typewritten "Petition for Consideration," within the time set forth in the notice. The Petition must state specifically and fully any extraordinary extenuating circumstances beyond the student's control which rebut the presumption raised by the record and which establish that the deficiency was not due to lack of ability or failure to apply himself diligently to the study of law. The Petition must indicate if the
circumstances are still operative. If such circumstances are related to physical or psychological incapability before or during examinations, convincing medical proof of the existence of the condition must accompany the Petition. Interference with study by employment is not an extenuating circumstance for a student enrolled in the full-time day division. The Faculty Administrative Committee may require any academically deficient student to appear for an interview before it takes action on his case.

c) The Faculty Administrative Committee may dismiss a student who is academically deficient. A Petition for Readmission may not be filed until two or more years after dismissal and will not be granted except in rare cases of great merit. No student may file more than one Petition for Readmission.

d) An academically deficient student who has not been dismissed is on probation until the deficiency is removed. The Faculty Administrative Committee will prescribe the terms of probation. The Committee may require a student to repeat a course, take a re-examination, or repeat an entire academic year. Grades received on re-examinations or in repeated courses are final. Grades received on re-examination, when the course is not repeated, will not exceed 80%.

6. A student who is not academically deficient may remove unsatisfactory grades from his or her record by re-examination. The student must register for re-examination at least 30 days before the commencement of the examination period. Re-examination shall be the next regular examination in the same division; the Dean or the Faculty Administrative Committee may waive this requirement on a showing of good cause. Grades received in re-examinations are final and will not exceed 80%. Only one re-examination can be taken in any one course.

7. A student may be placed on disciplinary probation, suspended, or dismissed for conduct unbefitting to a student of the law. Conduct unbefitting to a student of the law includes violation of rules and regulations of the law school or university, engaging in illegal activity involving moral turpitude, activity involving dishonesty, fraud, deceit, or misrepresentation, or any other conduct which reflects adversely on the student's fitness to practice law.

8. The Faculty Administrative Committee reserves the right to change the schedule of classes, the program of instruction, the requirements for credits or degrees, and any rule or regulation established for the government of the student body in the school. Any such change may be made applicable to students already enrolled in the Law School.

The Placement Office

A Placement Office under the direction of a full-time Director was recently established in the Law School. The services of the office are available to the students and graduates. All law students and alumni seeking employment — full or part time — are assisted.

As the information center regarding all areas of employment, the Placement Office renders the following services: disseminates information to potential employers concerning the school and its student body; extends invitations on behalf of the students, faculty and administration to prospective employers to visit the school and to conduct on-campus interviews; arranges and co-ordinates interviews on and off campus; encourages a year round program of recruiting on and off campus; maintains a current listing of job opportunities — part-time as well as full-time; through personal interviews with students, career opportunities are discussed; offers advice in the preparation of resumes; maintains a file of alumni seeking a change of position and/or location, and maintains a library of information concerning law firms, corporations and government agencies.

The Honorable Walter H. McLaughlin, Chief Justice, Massachusetts Superior Court and Trustee of Suffolk University, with Leonard Lewin, J.D., 1972, and Leonard Henson, J.D., 1972.
Student Organizations

Law Review

The Suffolk University Law Review is a legal periodical that is published four times during the school year, by a staff of law students chosen from the second and third year day classes and the third and fourth year evening classes. Selection to the staff is made on the basis of high academic achievement and proficiency in legal writing.

Each issue contains basically three sections: First, "Lead Articles," which include discussions of legal topics written by prominent individuals both within and without the field of law; second, "Notes," which cover broad areas of the law and usually conclude with suggestions or proposals for reform; third, "Case Comments," which analyze recent decisions of important cases and offer opinions as to their probable future impact upon the law. The "Notes" and "Case Comments" constitute the major portion of each publication and are written by the law students themselves.

As a valuable adjunct to legal education, Law Review avails the student a positive opportunity to project the knowledge he has acquired and affords tangible evidence of his ability to express himself to all who read the Review. Consequently, Law Review is recognized as a reflection of the caliber of the law student, as well as being accepted as a traditional means for judging the quality of the law school.

Law Review membership is considered to be the highest honor that the law school can confer upon its students.

Moot Court

The Justice Tom C. Clark Annual Moot Court Competition

The Clark Competition represents the highest level of achievement in the Law School's oral advocacy and brief writing program. The Competition is the subject of intense interest in the Law School due to the challenge and complexities of the legal issues involved. The Clark Competition is a voluntary program opened to all law students excepting first year students.

Traditionally the subject matter of the Competition has been drawn from constitutional issues of immediate social and legal impact and is drafted by the Moot Court Board. Participants submit briefs and argue orally in several elimination rounds before benches composed of members of the local bar, professors and members of the bench. The final competition is held before a panel of state and federal judges, occasionally including a United States Supreme Court Justice. Scholarship prizes and awards are given for those advocates who excel in the Competition.

Members of the National Moot Court Team are generally selected from those who excel in the Clark Competition.
National Moot Court Competition
The National Moot Court Competition combines oral advocacy and brief writing in a simulated appellate case taken, usually, from a legal problem chosen for its propitious nature or esoteric qualities. Suffolk University Law School participates in the competition conducted under the auspices of the Young Lawyers Committee of the Bar of the City of New York. A faculty committee chooses the National Moot Court Team from those students who show the most promise in the Clark Competition. The team is comprised of two or three members who work together in the preparation of a printed brief and two members argue the case against other law schools in the northeast region. If successful, the team advances to the final round argument held in New York City each December.

International Moot Court Competition
Suffolk University Law School participates in the Phillip C. Jessup International Moot Court competition conducted annually under the auspices of the Association of Student International Law Societies and the American Society of International Law. Students who show promise in the Clark Competition and are interested in the field of International Law are selected as the team to represent the Law School in this Competition.

Moot Court Board
The Moot Court Board is a student run organization which supervises the law school's moot court programs. Students who excel in the first year moot court program are eligible for membership on the board.

Board members select cases, act as judges, provide supervision for candidates and prepare the Clark Competition record.

Membership on the Moot Court Board provides not only administrative training but also a valuable learning experience in further developing legal skills in both writing and case analysis.
The Advocate

The *Advocate* is a periodical publication of Suffolk University Law School. The objectives of *The Advocate* are to publicize the activities and outstanding achievements of the Law School and to present articles by students, faculty, and guest writers on timely subjects pertaining to the law.

*The Advocate* is funded by the University and staffed by students of the Law School. Staff positions are open to students from each class and the Editorial Board is selected from third year staff members.

Guest editorials by students and faculty are welcomed by *The Advocate*. *The Advocate* will continue to provide a forum for the exchange of ideas among members of New England's legal community.

Student Bar Association

The regular student body is integrated as The Student Bar Association of Suffolk University Law School. This Association functions under a Charter granted by the Dean and Faculty, and is affiliated with the Law Student Division of the American Bar Association.

The objectives of the Suffolk University Law School, Student Bar Association, as described in its Charter, are "to assist in the development of a sound program of legal education, to promote understanding and coordination of activity among the members of the Law School community, and to foster cooperation with national, state, and local bar associations, and with other law schools through participation in the Law Student Division of the American Bar Association.

Under the leadership of its Officers and Board of Governors elected from the upper classes of the student body, the Association sponsors, coordinates and carries on various student activities. It operates through committees, whose major fields of interest, are concerned with current problems facing students and the Law School.

A student Delegate represents the Association at the Annual Meeting of the Law Student Division Meeting of the American Bar Association held in conjunction with the Annual Meeting of the American Bar Association. The President, elected by the Day Division and Chairman, elected by the Evening Division are accredited to attend Law School Committee Meetings of the Board of Trustees.
Black Law Student Organization

This organization will become a member of Black American Law Students Association, Inc. (BALSA). It has been formed to further the interest in and explore the role of the black lawyer in the American society.

Phi Alpha Delta Law Fraternity

From its very inception, the Chapter has always encouraged and promoted a high ethical standard of conduct among all of its members, a continuing education in the law for its practicing members, and scholastic attainment and professional development among its student members.

To its members it offers practical training to help bridge the gap between the academic emphasis in law school and the actual handling of clients and their problems; it affords its members an opportunity to associate with prominent members of the bench and the bar at fraternity-sponsored functions; it furnishes the young lawyer a forum in which he may become acquainted with practicing attorneys from throughout the country; and through its active chapters it gives the law student the opportunity to develop friendships which will ripen into life-long professional associations.

Student activities sponsored by the University are open to qualified students in the Law School. Maintenance of a satisfactory scholastic standard is a prerequisite for participation in such activities.

Delta Theta Phi

Delta Theta Phi Law Fraternity is a charter senior member of the Professional Interfraternity Conference, organized in 1928. The Frank L. Simpson Senate was initiated at Suffolk Law School in 1970 to supplement the student's formal educational experience by providing an opportunity to participate in clinical programs and various social functions.

Delta Theta Phi has initiated many worthwhile programs which have done great service to the school as well as the brothers. One of the unique functions of the fraternity is its tutorial program conducted by and for the members in helping first and second year students successfully prepare for law school final examinations.

Through its national organization, the fraternity offers the brothers a placement office to aid in the procurement of employment upon graduation and promotes the meeting of students and prominent individuals in the legal profession.

Dicta

Dicta is the Law School student newspaper. The paper, funded by the Student Bar Association is published periodically throughout the school year. Dicta has concerned itself with the timely publication of student, faculty, and administration news relevant to student life at the Law School.

Suffolk Women's Law Caucus

The Women's Law Caucus developed to serve a three-fold purpose: Women in the Law, Women in the Community, and Women in the University, and particularly Suffolk University. This development focuses upon the need for Suffolk women to realize their "tripartite role" as an impetus for social change and revitalization. The Women's Law Caucus seeks:

To encourage research by interested scholars on specific legal and social issues related to women; and to lend active support to state and national legislation which lessens legal discrimination against women; To promote a more equitable admissions policy in conjunction with an attempt to encourage more women to study law and to attract more women to apply to Suffolk; and to promote the retention of more women faculty and the addition of relevant curriculum relating to women; To provide the women of Suffolk Law with employment assistance designed to augment the existing placement programs; To further the interests of women law students at Suffolk and foster enhancement of the women's cause through a professional organization, whenever and wherever possible.

There is no defined membership policy for the Caucus. Any person is welcome to attend meetings or lectures or to take part in S.W.L.C. activities if so inclined. For the purpose of administrative efficiency a steering committee coordinates our program. General meetings of the Caucus take place twice each month to discuss committee progress and to establish policy. In addition, these meetings provide women with the opportunity to meet and exchange ideas and to interrelate on a social level.

For more information, contact: Suffolk Women's Law Caucus, in care of the Law School, Beacon Hill, Boston, MA 02116.
Student Body Information

Juris Doctor Degrees Awarded 1973

Aaron, Alan
Adams, Laurence E.
Ala, John V.
Allen, Ronald M.
Almeida, Thomas F.
Ambach, Donald L.
Anyzeski, Michael C.
Army, Lawrence F.
Artel, Patrick H. Jr.
Ashukian, Stephen P.

Juris Doctor Degrees

Ashukian, Stephen P.
Arter, Patrick H. Jr.
Army, Lawrence F.
Anyzeski, Michael C.
Almeida, Thomas F.
Avallone, Anthony V.
Bagley, Kenneth A.
Baer, Michael E.
Babchuck, Robert
Baum, Jeanne A.
Bash, David A.
Bartram, Paul L.
Bart, David A.
Bauch, Jeanne A.
Baumann, Russell E.
Begbies, Peter R.
Bennett, Arnold J.
Bianchi, Dana A.
Bertucci, Louis G.
Bevera, Louis G.
Bevingham, William
Bender, Peter K.
Bisoglia, James A.
Blair, Warren A.
Blake, David M.
Bonk, Joseph C.
Bosser, Robert A.
Boothman, Warren
Borstein, Joseph L.
Borosky, Eugene P.
Bosse, Eugene P.
Bowdoin, Everett S.
Boyle, Eugene F.
Bradley, Robert E.
Brady, Robert M.
Braga, James A.
Brennan, John A. Jr.
Bresnick, Garen M.
Brickley, Richard L.
Brine, Jeffrey A.
Brodeur, Stephen E.
Brophy, Kenneth P.
Brunell, Norman E.
Bryson, Kevin R.
Bryson, Neil F.
Buckley, Francis P.
Bunkley, Charles J.
Burke, Terrence E.
Burrag, Nicholas R.
Burnill, John D.
Burrows, Robert D.
Cacchiotti, Paul R.
Cahalane, Vincent P.
Cannon, Sharon V.
Cantor, Alan D.
Capone, John W.
Carlson, Robert W.
Caron, Edward +
Carpenter, Don L.
Carter, Stephen W.
Carter, Robin J.
Cavicchi, John E.
Cefalo, Albert P.
Champlin, Norma E.
Cherington, C. L.
Chir, Frank J.
Chiras, David L.
Chused, Michael S.
Cirillo, James F.
Clarke, Thomas J.
Clark, Michael V.
Clement, Raymond +
Cosidair, John W.
Coffey, Joseph E.
Cohen, Gerald M.
Cohen, Norman A.
Colagovanni, F. D.
Cole, Bernard H.
Collins, Michael A.
Concannon, Wm. J.
Conley, Arthur F.
Conley, Patrick T.
Conn, Kenneth R.
Connelly, Arthur M.
Connolly, Joseph J.
Conti, Albert B.
Cooke, William
Cox, John R.
Coyne, Coleman G. Jr.
Coyne, John E. Jr.
Croll, Howard R.
Cromidas, Stacy
Crowe, Robert B.
Cullen, Charles E.
Cummings, Ronald G.
Cunha, Fernando S.
Cunney, Peter C.
Cunningham, John H.
Currier, James A.
D'Agostino, Edward
Daly, Joseph M.
D'Amico, Peter P.
D'Amour, Normand R.+
D'Andrea, Edward L.
Darling, J. Walter
Davis, Robert H. II
Day, David R.
Day, Lewis F. Jr.
De Adder, James W.
De Angelis, Joseph
Delaney, Jeremiah
D'Blia, Joseph N.
Del Signore, Robert
De Luca, Amato A.
De Marco, Peter D.
Demoga, Paul J.
Dennies, Richard +
Derrick, Dennis P.+
Devore, William A.
Devries, Douglas D.
Dewar, Maureen
Dietrich, Richard C.
Di Sano, Samuel L.
Dodd, Donald J.
Donahue, Michael J. Jr.
Donovan, James F. Jr.
Downey, John J. Jr.
Drucus, Chris
Drury, John L.
DuPont, Gerard J.
Duzan, Robert M.
Eastman, Martin H.
Edgerton, Michael F.
Edwards, Mark C.
Eisenberg, Mark A.
Elkavich, Frank D.
Emery, John C.
Ettenberg, Peter L.
Everett, Robert E.
Fagan, James H.
Fahey, William F.
Falcone, Nancy L.
Faria, Walter P.
Farrell, Michael F.+
Ferre, Paul G.
Faust, Thomas
Feder, Frederic L.
Feeney, Lawrence J.
Feinstein, Norman A.
Feld, James E.
Fell, Eugene D.
Fendrich, Henry M.
Fennessy, Eileen P.
Fernie, Bruce W.
Feurillo, William G.
Finnegan, Richard J.
Fireman, Robert N.
Fishman, Jeffrey +
Fishman, Marshall H.
Fisk, Thacher H. Jr.
Flaminio, Michael J.
Flod, John H.
Forster, James N.
Fossa, Joyce A.
Foster, E. Thomas
Foster, Paul L.
Fox, Ronald A.
Frasca, Stephen J.
Frattaroli, Carmen A.
Freeman, Harrison C.
Frost, Dale G.
Fueller, George T.
Gack, Lewis P.
Gallagher, Kathleen
Gallagher, James S.
Garretson, James A.+
Garrity, Patricia J.
Gately, Peter M.

Geneva, Louis B.+
Gerrin, Howard P.
Geruso, Robert M.
Giammatteo, Michael
Gillin, Eugene H.
Gillis, Gerard F.
Ginsberg, Daniel
Giroux, Neil C.
Glick, Ronald J.
Glyn, Kevin M.
Goldull, Paul H.
Goldstein, Louis
Goldstein, Robert E.
Gollinger, John F.
Goodspeed, Andrew B.
Gopin, Steven D.
Gordon, Richard S.
Gors, Frederick G.
Gotschall, Robert E.
Gottesfeld, Sharon
Gottstein, David M.
Gould, Marshall A.
Granger, Paul H.
Grant, William F.
Greeley, John F.
Green, William F.
Green, James F.
Greenberger, Wm.
Griffin, Gregory J.
Gross, Fred
Guarino, Guy E.
Guazzo, William Jr.
Haddigan, John F.
Hakala, Harold H.
Haml, Sandra L.
Handler, Morris
Handran, George B.
Har, John P.
Hare, Brendan M.+
Harold, Paul D.
Harrison, Julian C.
Harstone, Frederic
Haskell, H. Scott
Hawkins, Brian C.
Hawley, Ina H.
Hayes, Chester F.
Hayes, Joseph C.
Hayes, Richard J.
Heafitz, Harvey B.
Hebert, J. Gerald
Heissenbuttel, Fred
Helnoski, Ronald E.
Henderson, Lloyd N.
Hennessey, James M.
Henry, James L.
Hensley, Thomas A.
Heppe, Robert S. Jr.
Hiet, Jacob M.
Hill, B. Christopher
Hillman, Timothy S.
Hoglander, Harry R.
Holland, Robert E.
Homan, Frederick C.
Hopwood, David J.
Horton, Carl P.
**Law School Geographical Distribution 1972-1973**

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**Colleges Represented in The Law School Student Body 1973-1974**

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*Figures as of August 1, 1973*
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Suffolk University 103
Susquehanna University 1
Syracuse University 3
Temple University 1
The Citadel 1
Tiffin University 1
Trinity College Ct. 6
Trinity College DC 3
Tufts University 36
Tulane University 2
U.S. Air Force Academy 3
U.S. Coast Guard Academy 1
U.S. Merchant Marine Academy 2
U.S. Military Academy 4
U.S. Naval Academy 5
University of Arizona 3
University of Chicago 1
University of Colorado 5
University of Connecticut 21
University of Dayton 1
University of Denver 6
University of Florida 1
University of Hartford 5
University of Illinois 4
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University of Massachusetts 3
University of Miami 7
University of Michigan 25
University of New Hampshire 2
University of North Carolina 9
University of Notre Dame 1
University of Oregon 1
University of Pennsylvania 16
University of Pittsburgh 1
University of Rhode Island 24
University of Rochester 3
University of San Francisco 11
University of South Carolina 1
University of Tampa 1
University of Tulsa 1
University of Vermont 13
University of Virginia 8
University of Washington 2
University of Wisconsin 5
Vanderbilt University 1
Vassar College 7
Villanova University 12
Virginia Polytechnical Institute 1
Wake Forest College 3
Washington State University 1
Washington University 3
Wellesley College 6
Wells College 2
Wesleyan University 6
Western Connecticut State College 2
Western New England College 1
West Virginia University 1
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Wheaton College 3
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Williams College 3
Windham College 2
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Wittenberg University 1
Wooster, College of 1
Worcester Polytechnical Institute 10
Yeshiva University 1
Yale University 10
Youngstown University 1

The Suffolk University
General Alumni Association

Suffolk has more than 10,000 living alumni. Many have attained prominence in fields ranging from government to the arts. The ranks of the alumni include college presidents, several college vice-presidents, high ranking military personnel, leaders in business, law, literature and science. Sixteen percent of the Massachusetts Judiciary and ten percent of the Massachusetts Legislature are Suffolk alumni.

The University serves its alumni through the General Alumni Association which is divided into three sections: the Law School, the College of Liberal Arts & Sciences, and the College of Business Administration/M.B.A. Association. The Association is becoming an increasingly active part of Suffolk and its voice is one which is helping to shape the University's future.

The Law School Alumni Association, in addition to other functions, holds annual fall, winter and spring dinners to which noted judges, lawyers and other distinguished speakers are invited to discuss current legal problems. There are approximately 4,500 living alumni of the Law School.

As part of an Annual Appeal, the Law School Alumni Association maintains a fund which furnishes generous support for student scholarships, loans, and other needs of the Law School. The University is proud of its alumni and heartened by the role each segment of the Alumni Association is playing at Suffolk.
Suffolk University
1. Archer Building
2. Donahue Building/Law School
3. Student Activities Building
4. Development/Alumni Building
5. Business Administration Building
6. Recent Acquisition

Colleges and Departments of Suffolk University

College of Liberal Arts and Sciences
Dean Michael R. Ronayne, B.S., Ph.D.

College of Business Administration
Dean Robert C. Waehler, B.S. in B.A., Ed.M., C.P.A.
Degrees: B.S. in B.A., M.B.A.

Evening Division
Associate Dean Joseph H. Strain, A.B., A.M., C.A.S., Ed.D.

Summer Sessions
Day, Evening undergraduate and graduate courses.